

Understanding Special Needs Plans (SNPs)

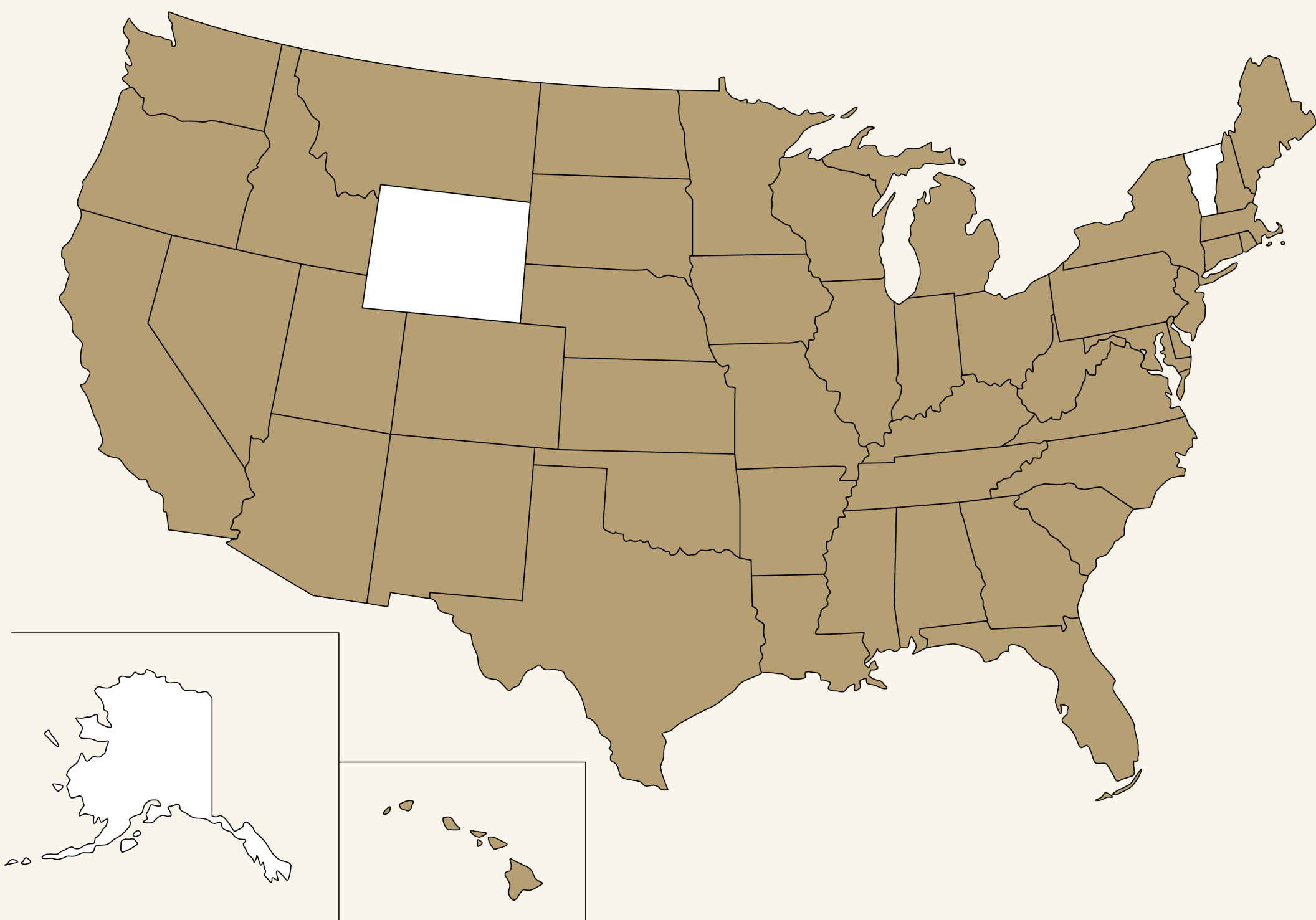
SNPs Stand Out vs. General Medicare Advantage

Total SNP Enrollment

October 2021

4,225,617

SNPs are in every US state except for three – ALASKA, VERMONT, WYOMING



1 Risk scores are higher

General MA	I-SNP	C-SNP	D-SNP
1.03	2.47 (+140%)	1.68 (+63%)	1.57 (+52%)

2 SNPs must have a Model of Care (MOC)

General MA does not require plans to provide a specific MOC. A Model of Care includes:

- Specialized provider network
- Annual health risk assessment
- Interdisciplinary care team with care coordination
- Individualized care plan

3 SNPs have additional Quality Measures they are required to submit, providing for greater transparency of care:

1. SNP Care Management
2. Medication Review
3. Pain Assessment

(Reporting years 2022, 2023)

Enrollment by SNP Type

Dual SNPs	Institutional SNPs	Chronic SNPs
3,723,780	393,342	408,495

Dual SNPs



Enroll individuals dually eligible for Medicare and Medicaid. D-SNPs must coordinate with Medicaid services.

Institutional SNPs



Enroll individuals who have had or are expected to need services provided in a long-term care (LTC) nursing facility for 90 days or longer.

Chronic SNPs



Enroll individuals who have one or more co-morbid and medically complex chronic condition.

